



## **English**

# 简体中文 Simplified Chinese (Mandarin)

### Long COVID: Muscle and joint pain

You may experience pain after coronavirus (COVID-19), especially if you were in hospital or less active than usual as a result of the virus. Most pain should eventually go away, but sometimes it might carry on for longer. There are ways to manage pain that you may have after coronavirus.

### 新冠长期症状: 肌肉和关节疼痛

**您在新冠病毒** (COVID-19)后可能经历疼痛,尤其是您因为病毒导致住院或活动比平时减少的情况下。 大部分疼痛最终会消失,但有时候可能持续较长时间。 **感染新冠病毒后可能出**现疼痛,您可以采取一些方法来缓解疼痛。

#### Do:

- plan the things you need to do each day to help you keep on top of your pain
- pace yourself if your pain is stopping you completing a task you can try again later

#### 应该做的事情:

- 计划好每天需要做的事情,帮助您控制疼痛
- 自我调节——如果您因为疼痛无法完成某项任务,请稍后再 试

- try to relax this can be hard, but finding something which relaxes you will reduce the stress of pain
- take regular enjoyable exercise even a small amount if you can, like going for a walk, will make you feel better and help keep your muscles and joints moving
- talk to others such as family and friends about pain you're experiencing and why you may need to do things differently at the moment
- do things you enjoy this makes you feel good and can reduce pain
- speak to your community pharmacist for advice about pain management
- take prescribed medicine if advised by a healthcare professional

Speak to your GP practice if:

• your pain is affecting your day to day life

- 尝试放松——可能很难,但找到令人放松的方法可减轻疼痛 带来的压力
- 经常进行有趣的运动——即使是散步等运动量小的活动,也会让您感觉更好,并有助于您的肌肉和关节保持强壮
- 与其他人(如家人和朋友)谈论您的疼痛,以及为什么您此刻需要换一种方式做事
- 做您喜欢的事情——让您感觉良好,且可缓解疼痛
- 和您的社区药剂师谈谈,获得关于疼痛管理的建议
- **遵循医**护专业**人**员的建议,服用处方药

如有下列情况, 请告知GP:

- 您的疼痛正在影响您的日常生活
- 对症状感到担心

you're worried about your symptoms	
For more information in Chinese (Simplified) go to www.nhsinform.scot/translations/languages/chinese	更多简体中文信息,请浏览 www.nhsinform.scot/translations/languages/chinese
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